



Welcome to
London SPE's
Net Zero
101
Series





Net Zero 10 Point Plan Carbon Pricing Offsetting Scope 1-3 emissions ESG Carbon Intensity **Just Transition** The Circular Economy







& the Sustainable Development Goals





What do these terms mean? Especially for the oil & gas industry?

London SPE's Net Zero Committee will be giving their perspectives on them over the next few weeks

Let's start with an easy one...



Net Zero



Green house gas emissions (GHGs) are reduced to "net zero" when the amount emitted to the atmosphere is equal to the amount removed from the atmosphere.

The GHGs removal can be by natural (e.g. trees and plants), or engineered means (e.g. carbon capture and storage).

GHGs include CO2, Methane, Nitrous Oxide and the fluorinated gases

Net Zero does not mean no fossil fuels, however it does mean less fossil fuels

The UK government has committed to Net Zero by 2050, Scotland have committed to Net Zero by 2045

Other countries that have passed laws committing to Net Zero include Sweden (2045), France, Denmark & New Zealand (2050)

Many others have set Net Zero targets but not laws, including China by 2060. Bhutan and Suriname are the only countries which already have negative GHG emissions







The UN's global "Race to Net Zero" campaign encourages individual cities, regions, businesses, investors and universities to pledge their own commitments to Net Zero in order to gain momentum at all levels





Some groups are using the net zero terminology in a wider context now, talking about net zero energy, waste and water; however it is still usually referring to GHG emissions at the moment









Watch out for our next Net Zero 101 bulletin coming soon...

Harry Simons will give his take on the UK Government's "10 point plan"